

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
CHILDREN'S BUREAUMONTHLY BULLETIN ON SOCIAL
STATISTICS

ANNUAL EXPENDITURES FOR RELIEF, 1929-33

JANUARY CHANGES IN RELIEF EXPENDITURES AND CASES

TRENDS IN FOSTER-HOME AND INSTITUTIONAL CARE OF
DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN, 1929-33

Chart 1.--Annual expenditures for relief in 120 cities and city areas, 1929-33

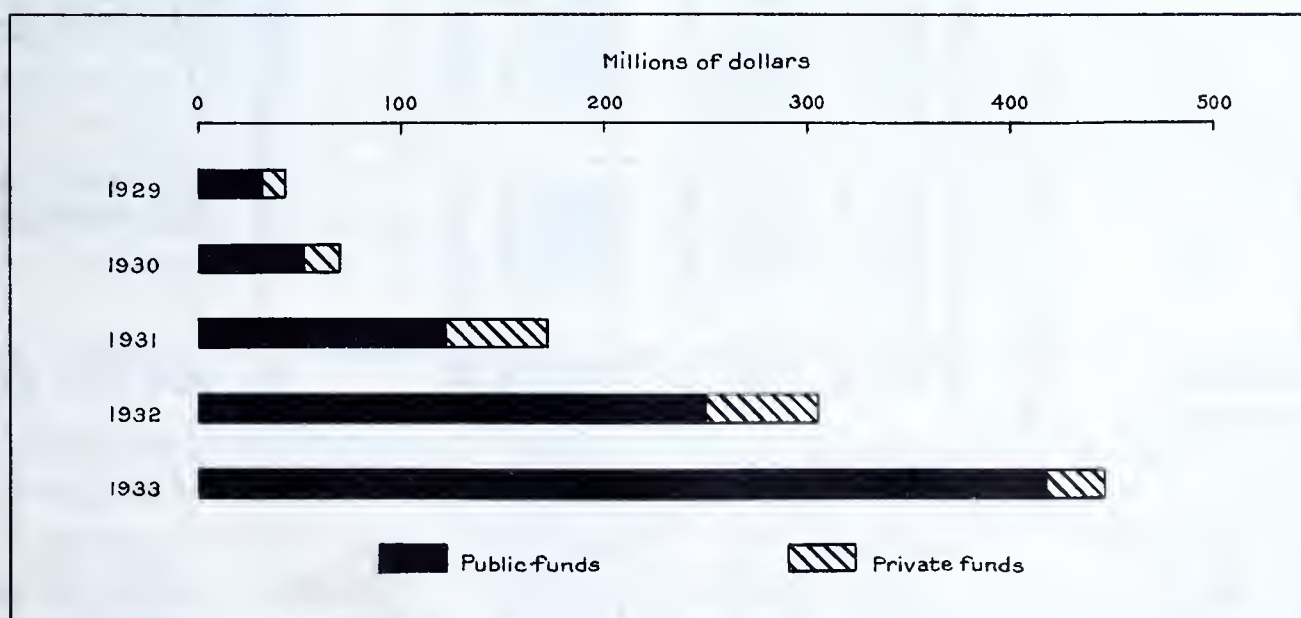


Table 1.--Amount expended from public and from private funds for different types of relief in 120 cities and city areas during 1932 and 1933

Administrative agency and type of relief	Agencies reporting	Total		Public funds		Private funds		Percent change from 1932 to 1933	
		1932	1933	1932	1933	1932	1933	Total	Public funds
		Amount expended							
Total.....	1,300	\$712,072,179	\$455,155,070	\$254,269,034	\$425,703,966	\$57,803,145	\$29,451,104	+45.8	+67.4
Public agencies.....	591	231,142,947	395,775,822	224,446,405	393,859,835	6,696,542	1,915,987	+71.2	+75.5
Direct relief:									
General relief.....	206	129,908,894	243,432,093	123,558,148	242,103,869	6,350,746	1,328,224	+87.4	+95.9
Veterans' relief.....	53	12,727,596	13,877,662	12,724,920	13,872,071	2,676	5,591	+9.0	+9.0
Work relief.....	124	45,935,418	97,168,244	45,592,298	96,586,072	343,120	582,172	+111.5	+111.8
Special allowances:									
Mothers' aid.....	107	24,565,996	23,472,695	24,565,996	23,472,695	.....	.....	-4.5	-4.5
Old-age relief.....	39	15,584,159	15,221,753	15,584,159	15,221,753	.....	.....	-2.3	-2.3
Aid for the blind.....	62	2,420,884	2,603,375	2,420,884	2,603,375	.....	.....	+7.5	+7.5
Private agencies.....	709	80,929,232	59,379,248	29,822,629	31,844,131	51,106,603	27,535,117	-26.6	+6.8
Direct relief:									
General relief by--									
Nonsectarian agencies..	162	32,391,200	27,515,817	14,425,377	16,932,816	17,965,823	10,583,001	-15.1	+17.4
Jewish agencies.....	76	4,696,653	4,510,008	4,777,571	1,313,719	3,219,082	3,196,289	-4.0	+69.0
Catholic agencies.....	66	5,947,264	4,741,804	2,281,575	2,627,991	3,665,389	2,113,813	-20.3	+15.2
Salvation Army.....	91	2,123,214	1,707,275	621,619	556,833	1,501,595	1,150,442	-19.6	-10.4
Other private agencies..	142	14,300,544	4,454,478	5,086,352	1,287,481	9,214,192	3,166,997	-68.9	-74.7
Veterans' relief.....	100	1,024,500	1,204,051	300,116	712,067	724,384	491,984	+17.5	+137.3
Work relief.....	72	20,445,857	15,245,815	6,329,719	8,413,224	14,116,138	6,832,591	-25.4	+32.9
Total.....	1,300	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	.....	.....
Public agencies.....	591	74.1	87.0	88.3	92.5	11.6	6.5	.....	.....
Direct relief.....	259	45.7	56.5	53.6	60.1	11.0	4.5	.....	.....
Work relief.....	124	14.7	21.3	17.9	22.7	0.6	2.0	.....	.....
Special allowances:									
Mothers' aid.....	107	7.9	5.2	9.7	5.5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Old-age relief.....	39	5.0	3.2	6.1	3.6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Aid for the blind.....	62	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Private agencies.....	709	25.9	13.0	11.7	7.5	88.4	93.5	.....	.....
Direct relief.....	637	19.4	9.7	9.2	5.5	64.0	70.3	.....	.....
Work relief.....	72	6.6	3.3	2.5	2.0	24.4	23.2	.....	.....

ANNUAL EXPENDITURES FOR RELIEF, 1929-33

Relief expenditures in urban areas increased 46 percent between 1932 and 1933, according to reports forwarded to the Children's Bureau from representative cities located in all sections of the United States. This increase, although large in actual amount, was less than the percentage change in preceding years. Between 1931 and 1932 relief expenditures in these cities rose 78 percent; between 1930 and 1931, 144 percent; and between 1929 and 1930, 64 percent.

As is shown in charts 1 and 2, the expenditure in 1933 was about 10 times as large as in 1929. In both 1929 and 1930 approximately 75 percent of the total expended came from public funds. During 1931 expenditures from private funds increased especially rapidly, and the proportion financed from public funds decreased to 71 percent. During 1932 and 1933 the proportion financed from public funds rose sharply. In 1932 it formed 82 percent of the total expenditures; in 1933, 94 percent.

The amounts expended for different types of relief also changed noticeably between 1932 and 1933 (table 1). In 1933 expenditures for general relief administered by public agencies totaled \$243,432,093 as compared with \$129,908,894 in 1932, an increase of 87 percent. Work relief administered by public agencies more than doubled. Veterans' relief increased, especially veterans' relief administered by private agencies. Aid for the blind also increased.

JANUARY CHANGES IN RELIEF EXPENDITURES AND CASES

A lessened expenditure for nearly all forms of public and private relief in January was shown in reports to the Children's Bureau from 110 cities and city areas. The January reduction of 7.5 percent as compared with the preceding month was much less than the drop of 19.4 percent reported in December. The December decrease, however, was caused mainly by the small expenditure for work relief following transfers of workers to Civil Works projects. The reduction in

Public relief provided in the form of mothers' aid and old-age relief decreased slightly between 1932 and 1933. Expenditures for general and work relief administered by the various types of private agencies dropped sharply.

Significant changes in administrative responsibility for relief financed from public and private funds occurred during 1933. In preceding years the work of public agencies in certain areas was financed in part from funds raised through voluntary contributions. Less dependence has been placed upon this method of financing as Federal and State funds have become available more generally for local use. In 1932 public agencies expended \$6,696,542 from funds raised through voluntary contribution. In 1933 an expenditure of \$1,915,987 was reported.

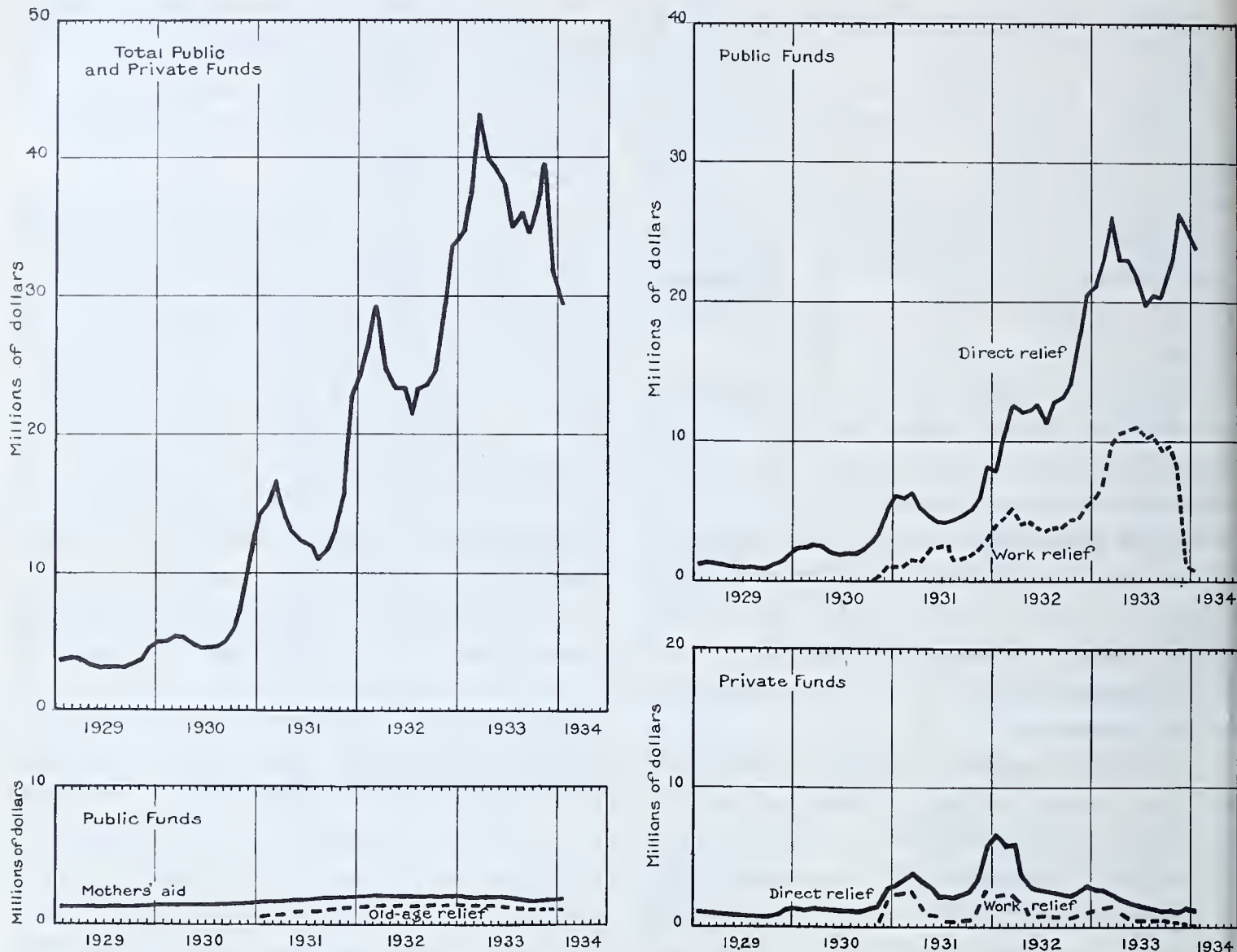
In certain areas private agencies have carried responsibility for the administration of relief financed entirely or partly from public funds. In 1932 \$29,822,629 of the \$80,929,232 expended by private agencies came from public funds. Until the summer of 1933 such expenditures mounted rapidly. The ruling of the Federal Emergency Relief Administration in August that public funds be administered by public agencies caused significant changes in the expenditures of both public and private agencies. The total amount of relief from public funds administered by private agencies, however, was slightly larger in 1933 than in 1932.

January was due primarily to decreased amounts for direct relief to persons employed on Civil Works.

The usual tendency is for relief expenditures to increase in January. In 1933 expenditures in January increased 3 percent as compared with the preceding month; in 1932, 6 percent; in 1931, 17 percent; and in 1930, 12 percent.

As is illustrated in chart 2, the January decrease brought total expenditures for relief to about

Chart 2.--Amount expended from public and from private funds for different types of relief in 120 cities and city areas, January 1929-January 1934



the amount expended in the peak month of the winter of 1931-32. The January expenditure for direct relief from public funds, however, was larger than in any month prior to March 1933. Direct relief from private funds was about the same as in the closing months of 1929. Work relief returned to the amount expended in the early months of its establishment. Special allowances from public funds (mothers' aid, old-age relief, and aid for the blind) remained relatively unchanged.

The number of cases aided through general relief administered by public agencies showed a slight tendency toward increase between December 1933 and January 1934 (table 4). This year the number aided in

January was about 31 percent larger than in 1933. Cases aided through work relief and through direct relief administered by private agencies decreased in January as compared both with the preceding month and with January 1933.

Direct relief from public and private funds averaged about the same per case in December 1933 and January 1934 but was more than in January 1933. Many families on relief rolls have also received during recent months assistance in the form of food, clothing, and fuel provided through the Federal Surplus Relief Corporation. If the value of this relief were included, the average grant per case would be larger than is shown in the monthly averages.

(Continued on page 6.)

Table 2.—Amount expended for relief from public and from private funds during January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934, as reported by 886 agencies for 110 cities and city areas

Source of funds	January 1933	December 1933	January 1934	Percent change from--	
				Dec. 1933 to Jan. 1934	Jan. 1933 to Jan. 1934
Total.....	Amount expended				
	\$31,820,822	\$29,097,824	\$26,927,560	-7.5	-15.4
Public funds.....	28,214,282	27,460,012	25,495,401	-7.2	-9.6
Direct and work relief.....	24,690,815	24,165,530	22,219,108	-8.1	-10.0
Special allowances.....	3,523,467	3,294,482	3,276,293	-0.6	-7.0
Private funds.....	3,606,540	1,637,812	1,432,159	-12.6	-60.3
Total.....	Percent distribution				
	100.0	100.0	100.0	.....	.....
Public funds.....	88.7	94.4	94.7	.....	.....
Direct and work relief.....	77.6	83.0	82.5	.....	.....
Special allowances.....	11.1	11.3	12.2	.....	.....
Private funds.....	11.3	5.6	5.3	.....	.....

Table 3.—Amount expended by public and by private agencies for different types of relief during January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934, as reported by 886 agencies in 110 cities and city areas

Administrative agency and type of relief	Agencies report- ing	Amount expended			Percent change from—	
		January 1933	December 1933	January 1934	Dec. 1933 to Jan. 1934	Jan. 1933 to Jan. 1934
Total.....	886	\$31,820,822	\$29,097,824	\$26,927,560	-7.5	-15.4
Public agencies.....	428	26,057,566	27,224,389	25,363,456	-6.8	-2.7
Direct relief:						
General relief.....	152	17,054,397	21,866,821	20,455,122	-6.5	+19.9
Veterans' relief.....	40	1,087,856	974,163	870,843	-10.6	-19.9
Work relief.....	59	4,391,846	1,088,923	761,198	-30.1	-82.7
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid.....	90	2,020,566	1,882,134	1,890,964	+0.5	-6.4
Old-age relief.....	34	1,333,262	1,232,746	1,207,559	-2.0	-9.4
Aid for the blind.....	53	169,639	179,602	177,770	-1.0	+4.8
Private agencies.....	458	5,763,256	1,873,435	1,564,104	-16.5	-72.9
Direct relief:						
General relief by—						
Nonsectarian agencies.....	122	2,528,919	940,570	776,960	-17.4	-69.3
Jewish agencies.....	59	420,836	265,037	256,972	-3.0	-38.9
Catholic agencies.....	49	404,901	194,435	169,696	-12.7	-58.1
Salvation Army.....	68	168,427	157,594	67,763	-57.0	-59.8
Other private agencies.....	73	603,187	159,623	172,524	+8.1	-71.4
Veterans' relief.....	64	78,346	35,146	26,358	-25.0	-66.4
Work relief.....	23	1,558,640	121,030	93,831	-22.5	-39.8

Table 4.—Number of cases of families and nonfamily persons aided by public and by private agencies through different types of relief, and average monthly relief per case during January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934, as reported by 733 agencies for 110 cities and city areas

Administrative agency and type of relief	Agencies report- ing	January 1933	December 1933	January 1934	Percent change from—	
					Dec. 1933 to Jan. 1934	Jan. 1933 to Jan. 1934
		Number of cases aided				
Public agencies:						
Direct relief:						
General relief.....	106	468,539	611,617	612,990	+0.2	+30.8
Veterans' relief.....	35	33,772	30,759	28,753	-6.5	-14.9
Work relief.....	29	88,247	5,409	3,697	-31.7	-95.8
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid.....	89	47,014	47,295	47,876	+1.2	+1.8
Old-age relief.....	33	52,533	52,512	52,753	+0.5	+0.4
Aid for the blind.....	53	6,829	7,089	7,145	+0.8	+4.6
Private agencies:						
Direct relief:						
General relief by—						
Nonsectarian agencies.....	99	133,101	38,078	29,508	-22.5	-77.8
Jewish agencies.....	55	12,095	7,944	7,910	-0.4	-34.6
Catholic agencies.....	42	16,584	14,563	11,631	-20.1	-29.9
Salvation Army.....	63	19,213	26,861	5,714	-78.7	-70.3
Other private agencies.....	59	19,685	9,072	7,494	-17.4	-61.9
Veterans' relief.....	59	8,660	3,620	3,530	-2.5	-59.2
Work relief.....	11	31,669	2,523	1,667	-33.9	-94.7
		Averages monthly relief per case				
Direct relief.....	518	\$19.37	\$22.17	\$22.32	.....	.....
Work relief.....	40	32.19	33.10	30.83	.....	.....
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid.....	89	42.85	39.64	39.37	.....	.....
Old-age relief.....	33	25.21	23.25	22.72	.....	.....
Aid for the blind.....	53	24.84	25.34	24.88	.....	.....

(Continued from page 4.)

Work relief averaged less per case in January than in the other months compared. Mothers' aid and old-age relief also decreased per case.

Because of reorganization programs under way in certain areas the forwarding of January reports was delayed.

In 60 of the 92 cities from which substantially complete reports were received in time for tabulation the expenditure in January 1934 was less than in December 1933 (table 5). In 16 of these cities the decrease was 25 percent or more. The median change was a drop of 11.5 percent. In 16 cities, however, relief expenditures increased 10 percent or more in January as compared with the preceding month.

In 60 of the 91 cities providing comparable data for January 1933 and January 1934 the expenditure

this year was less than in 1933. In 17 cities the reduction was 50 percent or more, and in 22 cities, between 25 and 50 percent. The median change was a decrease of 20.9 percent. In 9 cities, however, expenditures increased 50 percent or more during this period, and in 7 cities, between 25 and 50 percent. The 9 cities showing increases of 50 percent or more were as follows: Atlanta, Baltimore, Charleston, Ft. Worth, Houston, Mobile, Nashville, Newark, and Omaha.

Recent changes in local procedures in the handling of transient relief has affected the comparability of much of the data on meals and lodgings reported previously by agencies caring for the transient and homeless. Large increases have occurred in the number of meals and lodgings provided in certain areas that have become the headquarters for transient

(Continued on page 9.)

le 5.--Amount expended for relief during January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 826 agencies for 92 cities^a

[Cities included in this table are those for which reports from public and private agencies are believed to be sufficiently complete for use in determining local trends. Figures are preliminary and subject to revision.]

State and city	Area included	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Jan. 1934 from--			
			January 1933	December 1933	January 1934	December 1933 to January 1934	January 1933 to January 1934	Public funds			Private funds
								Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Alabama:											
Birmingham.....	County	6	\$126,360	\$149,807	\$143,258	-4.4	+13.4	100	100	.....	(b)
Mobile.....	County	6	7,066	42,768	35,560	-16.9	+403.3	100	100	.....	.....
California:											
Los Angeles.....	County	20	955,497	1,179,247	1,385,155	+17.5	+45.0	98	81	17	2
Oakland.....	County	10	291,956	201,125	201,460	+0.2	-31.0	99	59	40	1
Sacramento.....	County	10	33,204	45,417	49,646	+9.3	+49.5	96	48	48	4
San Diego.....	County	9	67,339	76,061	77,433	+1.8	+15.0	99	69	30	1
Connecticut:											
Bridgeport.....	Area..	13	136,204	78,009	66,030	-15.4	-51.5	87	84	3	13
Hartford.....	Area..	13	149,812	119,476	110,983	-7.1	-25.9	75	69	6	25
New Britain.....	City..	7	53,015	19,361	21,828	+12.7	-58.8	99	84	14	1
New Haven.....	Area..	10	150,871	95,159	62,473	-34.3	-58.6	83	68	15	17
District of Columbia: Washington..	City..	13	150,830	194,114	174,936	-9.9	+16.0	94	90	3	6
Georgia: Atlanta..	County	7	87,753	259,133	283,458	+9.4	+223.0	99	99	.....	1
Illinois: Chicago..	County	23	5,370,131	4,402,577	2,998,334	-31.9	-44.2	95	91	4	5
Indiana:											
Evansville.....	County	3	85,882	56,423	59,183	+4.9	-31.1	100	98	2	(b)
Fort Wayne.....	City..	9	81,195	40,784	36,074	-11.5	-55.6	92	89	3	8
Indianapolis.....	Area..	8	187,125	137,868	109,749	-20.4	-41.3	94	92	1	6
Iowa:											
Des Moines.....	City..	10	98,399	96,682	74,694	-22.7	-24.1	99	89	9	1
Sioux City.....	City..	9	53,575	28,443	34,076	+19.8	-36.4	97	84	14	3
Kansas: Topeka....	County	7	37,322	23,622	19,184	-18.8	-48.6	79	73	6	21
Kentucky: Louisville.....	City..	10	108,312	68,656	58,989	-14.1	-45.5	69	55	14	31
Louisiana: Shreveport.....	City..	10	34,117	4,004	4,462	+11.4	-86.9	72	59	13	28
Maine: Portland...	City..	7	29,810	32,059	30,443	-5.0	+2.1	90	86	5	10
Maryland: Baltimore	City..	12	495,545	938,079	989,030	+5.4	+99.6	99	98	2	1
Massachusetts:											
Boston.....	City..	17	1,249,465	1,351,260	1,219,924	-9.7	-2.4	94	75	18	6
Cambridge.....	City..	9	105,000	70,830	61,750	-12.8	-41.2	92	66	26	8
Fall River.....	City..	7	95,089	70,093	39,978	-43.0	-58.0	99	56	43	1
Lawrence.....	City..	8	53,612	29,661	35,433	+19.4	-33.9	97	70	27	3
Lowell.....	City..	5	76,584	58,492	90,511	+54.7	+18.2	97	75	22	3
Lynn.....	City..	10	110,794	110,980	104,772	-5.6	-5.4	97	78	19	3
Malden.....	City..	7	48,284	39,613	33,770	-14.8	-30.1	100	90	10	(b)
New Bedford.....	City..	7	113,451	59,301	55,876	-5.8	-50.7	96	93	3	4
Newton.....	Area..	10	32,489	24,102	25,698	+6.6	-20.9	92	64	28	8
Springfield.....	Area..	10	223,599	156,906	124,516	-20.6	-44.3	95	83	12	5
Worcester.....	City..	8	226,058	164,761	106,535	-35.3	-52.9	94	71	23	6
Michigan:											
Detroit.....	Area..	17	1,370,672	1,342,598	1,125,995	-16.1	-17.9	99	90	9	1
Flint.....	City..	2	115,793	154,659	93,463	-39.6	-19.3	100	85	15	.....
Saginaw.....	City..	5	50,308	45,802	52,843	+15.4	+5.0	98	82	16	2
Minnesota:											
Minneapolis.....	Area..	9	356,072	313,243	276,355	-11.8	-22.4	90	74	17	10
St. Paul.....	County	15	219,222	217,676	189,009	-13.2	-13.8	94	81	12	6

Table 5.--Amount expended for relief during January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 826 agencies for 92 cities^a--Continued

State and city	Area included	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Jan. 1934 from--			
			January 1933	December 1933	January 1934	December 1933 to January 1934	January 1933 to January 1934	Public funds			Private funds
								Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Missouri:											
Kansas City.....	City..	9	\$136,561	\$216,937	\$147,958	-31.8	+8.3	80	72	8	20
Nebraska: Omaha...	County	11	63,687	141,714	113,489	-19.9	+78.2	93	89	4	7
New Jersey:											
Jersey City.....	City..	5	171,759	225,388	161,009	-28.6	-6.3	99	87	12	1
Newark.....	City..	10	337,257	458,427	547,337	+19.4	+62.3	99	88	11	1
Trenton.....	City..	8	122,964	63,216	59,175	-6.4	-51.9	96	82	14	4
New York:											
Albany.....	City..	12	106,535	54,698	48,358	-11.6	-54.6	95	68	27	5
Buffalo.....	Area..	17	1,158,633	1,041,658	722,314	-30.7	-37.7	97	88	9	3
New Rochelle.....	City..	8	54,317	54,333	45,365	-16.5	-16.5	99	90	9	1
New York.....	City..	35	7,949,118	6,155,968	6,613,864	+7.4	-16.8	91	70	21	9
Niagara Falls....	City..	10	113,657	51,538	36,599	-29.0	-67.8	97	80	18	3
Rochester.....	City..	11	499,063	438,426	384,193	-12.4	-23.0	98	82	15	2
Syracuse.....	City..	11	311,152	190,144	204,338	+7.5	-34.3	98	87	11	2
Utica.....	City..	11	126,256	104,901	77,270	-26.3	-38.8	95	58	37	5
Yonkers.....	City..	8	194,920	103,116	88,364	-14.3	-54.7	96	78	18	4
North Carolina:											
Asheville.....	City..	5	19,522	33,047	22,746	-31.2	+16.5	100	100	(b)	.....
Charlotte.....	City..	7	46,340	42,140	46,468	+10.3	+0.3	100	100	(b)	.....
Greensboro.....	City..	6	23,260	28,637	21,759	-24.0	-6.5	98	97	(b)	2
Winston-Salem....	City..	4	28,048	18,377	22,024	+19.8	-21.5	100	100	(b)	.....
Ohio:											
Akron.....	Area..	13	116,748	131,124	100,615	-23.3	-13.8	98	92	6	2
Canton.....	Area..	7	68,893	39,062	29,177	-25.3	-57.6	100	72	28	.....
Cincinnati.....	County	17	374,229	399,115	438,414	+9.8	+17.2	94	88	6	6
Cleveland.....	Area..	9	731,693	731,075	676,942	-7.4	-7.5	95	87	8	5
Youngstown.....	City..	8	121,949	137,823	119,435	-13.3	-2.1	99	94	5	1
Oregon: Portland..	County	8	398,481	212,800	204,582	-3.9	-48.7	99	95	4	1
Pennsylvania:											
Allentown.....	County	4	76,567	111,968	96,974	-13.4	+26.7	100	94	5	(b)
Altoona.....	County	7	46,117	71,927	50,195	-30.2	+8.8	97	93	3	3
Bethlehem.....	City..	5	46,629	37,239	49,704	+33.5	+6.6	97	91	5	3
Chester.....	County	10	139,412	121,785	101,978	-16.3	-26.9	99	93	6	1
Lancaster.....	Area..	6	33,951	38,742	36,923	-4.7	+8.8	99	95	4	1
Philadelphia.....	County	10	1,313,497	1,572,649	1,606,946	+2.2	+22.3	96	92	3	4
Pittsburgh.....	County	11	1,002,411	1,496,846	1,169,740	-21.9	+16.7	98	94	4	2
Reading.....	County	8	169,263	188,075	157,607	-16.2	-6.9	99	93	6	1
Scranton.....	Area..	6	70,966	130,890	102,730	-21.5	+44.8	95	95	.....	5
Sharon.....	Area..	7	44,584	30,959	24,099	-22.2	-45.9	93	86	7	7
Wilkes-Barre.....	Area..	8	261,327	197,861	181,665	-7.2	-29.3	99	93	6	1
Rhode Island:											
Providence.....	City..	5	174,933	59,410	73,805	+24.2	-57.8	91	78	13	9
South Carolina:											
Charleston.....	City..	7	5,942	9,213	11,734	+27.4	+97.5	88	88	.....	12
Tennessee:											
Knoxville.....	County	7	41,585	38,501	53,120	+38.0	+27.7	100	99	.....	1
Memphis.....	County	7	118,876	26,416	70,580	+167.2	-40.6	93	88	5	7
Nashville.....	County	2	15,093	27,083	29,176	+7.7	+93.3	99	99	.....	1
Texas:											
Dallas.....	County	6	93,775	166,616	137,672	-17.4	+46.8	98	96	1	2
El Paso.....	County	4	69,622	27,807	29,235	+5.1	-58.0	100	100	.....	(b)
Fort Worth.....	County	4	22,321	39,500	34,371	-13.0	+54.0	99	99	.....	1
Houston.....	County	9	55,187	87,493	93,568	+6.9	+69.5	100	98	2	(b)
Utah:											
Salt Lake City...	County	7	(c)	139,161	148,510	+6.7	(c)	96	93	3	4
Virginia: Roanoke.	City..	6	13,268	11,684	12,932	+10.7	-2.5	86	86	.....	14

Table 5.--Amount expended for relief during January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 826 agencies for 92 cities^a--Continued

State and city	Area included	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Jan. 1934 from--			
			January 1933	December 1933	January 1934	December 1933 to January 1934	January 1933 to January 1934	Public funds			Private funds
								Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Washington:											
Seattle.....	County	11	\$354,331	\$311,140	\$268,614	-13.7	-24.2	97	95	3	3
Tacoma.....	County	8	80,822	93,129	102,156	+9.7	+26.4	100	92	8	.....
West Virginia:											
Huntington.....	City..	4	88,354	64,309	45,300	-29.6	-48.7	92	92	.....	8
Wisconsin:											
Kenosha.....	County	8	102,215	63,348	50,050	-21.0	-51.0	99	83	15	1
Madison.....	County	5	61,214	42,545	37,769	-11.2	-38.3	100	83	17	(b)
Milwaukee.....	County	9	795,968	481,351	339,576	-29.5	-57.3	90	64	26	10
Racine.....	County	7	106,349	108,966	79,944	-26.6	-24.8	100	90	10	(b)
Median.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	-11.5	-20.9	97	88	8	3

^aReports from 1 or more agencies in 18 cities are included in the summaries in tables 2 and 3, but the expenditures reported to date are not sufficiently complete for use in determining local trends.

^bLess than 1 percent.

^cFigures not available.

(Continued from page 6.)

service covering a large section of a State. Elsewhere the volume of service has diminished locally because of greater dependence upon the use of facilities for the care of transients that are located in communities not included in the reporting project.

The reports summarized in table 6 are believed to be as nearly comparable as possible. They indicate a volume of service approximately the same in January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934. The daily average number of meals was slightly less this

year in January than in the preceding month but practically the same as in January 1933.

Lodgings averaged slightly more this year in January than in January 1933, although there was almost no change in the number provided in December 1933 and January 1934.

In preceding years the number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons has increased steadily during January and the other winter months.

Table 6.--Number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons during January 1933, December 1933, and January 1934, as reported by 191 agencies for 48 cities and city areas

Type of services provided	January 1933	December 1933	January 1934	Percent change from--	
				Dec. 1933 to Jan. 1934	Jan. 1933 to Jan. 1934
Meals:					
Number provided.....	2,333,862	2,404,124	2,344,104	.....	.....
Daily average.....	75,286	77,552	75,616	-2.5	+0.4
Lodgings:					
Number provided.....	775,680	809,043	807,698	.....	.....
Daily average.....	25,022	26,098	26,055	-0.2	+4.1

Table 7.--Average number of dependent and neglected children under care in foster homes on the last day of the month in 1929, 1932, and 1933, as reported by 97 agencies for 26 cities

State and city	Area included	Agencies reporting	Total			Boarding homes			Free, work, or wage homes			Percent change from--			
			1929	1932	1933	1929	1932	1933	1929	1932	1933	Total	Boarding homes	Free, work, or wage homes	1929 to 1933, Total
Connecticut: Bridgeporta...	Area...	3	112	123	129	70	81	90	42	42	39	+4.9	+11.1	(b)	+15.2
Hartforda....	Area...	3	(c)	256	240	(c)	195	187	(c)	61	53	-6.3	-4.1	-13.1	.....
New Havena....	Area...	2	(c)	200	242	(c)	165	198	(c)	35	44	+21.0	+20.0	(b)	.....
District of Columbia: Washington....	City...	3	(c)	1,076	1,097	(c)	855	882	(c)	221	215	+2.0	+3.2	-2.7	.....
Illinois: Chicagoa.....	City...	8	(d)	2,139	2,245	(d)	1,382	1,548	(d)	757	697	+5.0	+12.0	-7.9	.....
Springfield.....	Area...	2	(d)	134	152	(d)	81	96	(d)	53	56	+13.4	+18.5	+5.7	.....
Kentucky: Louisville.....	City...	3	235	552	632	(d)	(d)	508	(d)	(d)	124	+14.5	.....	.....	+168.9
Louisiana: New Orleans.....	Area...	2	44	72	74	26	30	18	18	42	56	+2.8	(b)	(b)	(b)
Massachusetts: Springfield	Area...	2	(c)	344	378	(c)	288	320	(c)	56	58	+9.9	+11.1	+3.6	.....
Michigan: Detroit.....	Area...	6	2,378	2,565	2,060	1,820	2,000	1,352	558	565	708	-19.7	-32.4	+25.3	-13.4
Grand Rapids.....	Area...	3	(d)	80	96	(d)	30	40	(d)	50	56	+20.0	(b)	+12.0	.....
Minnesota: Minneapolisa...	Area...	8	510	604	667	317	358	366	193	246	301	+10.4	+2.2	+22.4	+30.8
St. Paula.....	County	6	356	436	482	193	287	343	163	149	139	+10.6	+19.5	-6.7	+35.4
Missouri: Kansas Citya....	City...	5	(d)	194	226	(d)	76	83	(d)	118	143	+16.5	+9.2	+21.2	.....
St. Louis.....	County	4	(d)	335	445	(d)	293	402	(d)	42	43	+32.8	+37.2	(b)	.....
Nebraska: Omaha.....	County	3	(d)	69	68	(d)	12	12	(d)	57	56	-1.4	.....	-1.8	.....
New York: Buffalo.....	Area...	4	1,156	1,856	2,108	970	1,732	1,990	186	124	118	+13.6	+14.9	-4.8	+82.4
Syracuse.....	City...	4	(c)	411	435	(c)	367	393	(c)	44	42	+5.8	+7.1	(b)	.....
Ohio: Cincinnati.....	County	3	635	678	701	334	485	504	301	193	197	+3.4	+3.9	+2.1	+10.4
Cleveland.....	Area...	5	1,964	2,721	3,060	1,403	2,309	2,532	561	412	428	+12.5	+14.0	+3.9	+55.8
Dayton.....	County	3	209	254	273	131	149	143	78	105	130	+7.5	-4.0	+23.8	+30.6
Pennsylvania: Lancastera...	Area...	1	72	126	147	54	108	131	18	18	16	+16.7	+21.3	(b)	+104.2
Pittsburgha...	County	4	(c)	2,014	2,096	(c)	1,840	1,885	(c)	174	211	+4.1	+2.4	+21.3	.....
Rhode Island: Providence...	City...	2	(c)	164	126	(c)	(d)	95	(c)	(d)	31	-23.2	.....	.....	.....
Virginia: Richmond.....	Area...	2	(d)	227	215	(d)	69	82	(d)	158	133	-5.3	+18.8	-15.8	.....
Wisconsin: Milwaukee.....	County	6	(c)	520	519	(c)	233	220	(c)	287	299	-0.2	-5.6	+4.2	.....
Median.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	+6.7	+10.2	+3.8	.....

aReports of 1 or more important agencies not available.

bNot computed because of small number of cases.

cArea not included in social-statistics project.

dNot reported.

eIncludes 1 agency caring for dependent and delinquent children.

TRENDS IN FOSTER-HOME AND INSTITUTIONAL CARE OF
DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN, 1929-33

Foster-home care of children in the registration areas ceased in 1933 to show the continuing upward trend evident in reports of preceding years. Institutional care, however, continued the downward trend noticeably since the early part of 1932.

As is illustrated in the chart on the following page, the number of children reported under care in foster homes on the last day of the month was about 30 percent larger in 1933 than the average number reported by the same agencies in 1929. The increase

Table 8.--Average number of dependent and neglected children under care in institutions on the last day of the month in 1929, 1932, and 1933, as reported by 276 agencies for 28 cities

State and city	Area included	Agencies reporting	1929	1932	1933	Percent change from--	
						1932 to 1933	1929 to 1933
Alabama: Birmingham ^a	County...	3	(b)	216	186	-13.9	.....
Colorado: Denver.....	County...	7	(c)	784	771	-1.7	.....
Connecticut: Bridgeport.....	Area.....	6	183	204	198	-2.9	+8.2
Hartford ^a	Area.....	5	(b)	321	305	-5.0	.....
New Haven ^a	Area.....	6	(b)	292	250	-14.4	.....
District of Columbia: Washington	City.....	13	(b)	1,063	1,075	+1.1	.....
Illinois: Chicago ^a	City.....	28	2,401	2,139	1,924	-10.1	-19.9
Iowa: Sioux City.....	City.....	2	191	187	141	-24.6	-26.2
Kentucky: Louisville ^d	City.....	14	969	1,120	1,085	-3.1	+12.0
Louisiana: New Orleans.....	Area.....	19	976	1,038	958	-7.7	-1.7
Massachusetts: Springfield.....	Area.....	3	(b)	123	95	-22.8	.....
Michigan: Detroit.....	Area.....	13	1,241	1,243	1,162	-6.5	-6.4
Grand Rapids.....	Area.....	2	163	160	123	-23.1	-24.5
Minnesota: Minneapolis.....	Area.....	14	334	317	288	-9.1	-14.0
St. Paul.....	County...	9	217	201	176	-12.4	-18.9
Missouri: Kansas City ^a	City.....	11	880	913	875	-4.2	-0.6
St. Louis ^a	County...	15	(c)	1,178	1,160	-1.5	.....
Nebraska: Omaha ^a	County...	5	147	147	137	-6.8	.....
New Jersey: Newark ^a	City.....	5	204	241	255	+5.8	+25.0
New York: Buffalo.....	Area.....	13	1,504	1,455	1,303	-10.4	-13.4
Syracuse.....	City.....	6	(b)	748	674	-9.9	.....
Ohio: Cincinnati.....	County...	18	1,008	1,006	998	-0.8	-1.0
Cleveland.....	Area.....	20	1,228	1,136	1,081	-4.8	-12.0
Dayton.....	Area.....	2	345	404	434	+7.4	+25.8
Pennsylvania: Lancaster.....	Area.....	1	32	38	38	.....	(e)
Pittsburgh ^a	County...	22	(b)	1,449	1,439	-0.7	.....
Rhode Island: Providence.....	City.....	2	(b)	94	88	-6.4	.....
Wisconsin: Milwaukee.....	County...	12	(b)	1,350	1,257	-6.9	.....
Median.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	-6.5	.....

^aReports of 1 or more important agencies not available.

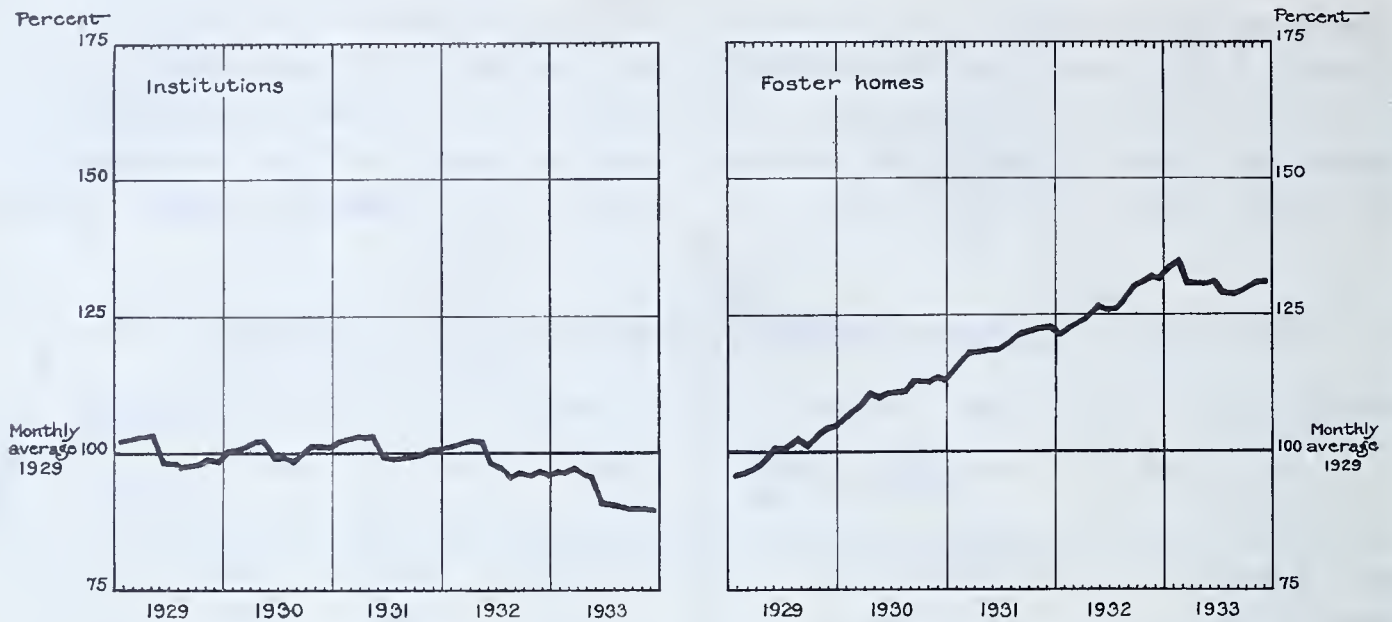
^bArea not included in social-statistics project.

^cNot reported.

^dIncludes 1 agency caring for dependent and delinquent children.

^eNot computed because of small number of cases.

Chart 3.--Number of dependant and neglected children from 18 cities and city areas under care in institutions and in foster homes on the last day of the month, January 1929-December 1933, as compared with the average in 1929



was due entirely to the steady rise month by month in intervening years. During 1933 the number remained approximately unchanged throughout the year.

Until 1932 the average number of children reported under care in institutions was about the same as in 1929, although the monthly figures showed each year a seasonal tendency toward increase in the fall and winter and decrease in the spring and summer. Since the early part of 1932 the seasonal tendency toward increase has been lacking and the seasonal tendency toward decrease has been exaggerated. At the end of 1933 the number of children under care in institutions was about 11 percent less than the monthly average in 1929.

The similarity of trends in different sections of the United States for foster-home and institutional care is shown in the data presented for certain registration areas in tables 7 and 8.

In 20 of the 26 areas forwarding comparable reports from representative agencies there was an increase between 1932 and 1933 in the average number of children under care in foster homes on the last day of the month. In 11 of these cities the increase amounted to 10 percent or more. The median change was a rise of 6.7 percent.

The number of children in boarding homes and in free, work, or wage homes was not shown separately by certain agencies reporting the total number of children under care in these various types of foster homes. In a few of the areas for which such information was available, the number of children in free, work, or wage homes increased more rapidly than the number in boarding homes. In most areas, however, the increase in the number of children in boarding homes was especially marked.

In 24 of the 28 cities forwarding comparable reports from representative agencies there was a decrease between 1932 and 1933 in the average number of children under care in institutions on the last day of the month. In 8 of these cities the decrease amounted to 10 percent or more. The median change was a reduction of 6.5 percent.

Comparable data for the same agencies included in the tabulations for 1932 and 1933 are available in 1929 for certain areas only. In these areas the tendency was toward increase in foster-home care and decrease in institutional care, as was indicated also between 1929 and 1933 in the figures for certain agencies in 18 areas included in the tabulations for the chart on monthly trends.